

2503/305  
AUTO ELECTRICS AND  
ELECTRONICS  
Oct. / Nov. 2021  
Time: 3 Hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL  
DIPLOMA IN AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERING  
MODULE III

AUTO ELECTRICS AND ELECTRONICS

3 hours

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

*You should have the following for this examination:*

*Answer booklet;*

*Drawing instruments.*

*This paper consists of EIGHT questions in TWO sections; A and B.*

*Answer FIVE questions taking at least TWO questions from each section.*

*All questions carry equal marks.*

*Candidates should answer the questions in English.*

**This paper consists of 4 printed pages.**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

## SECTION A

Answer at least TWO questions from this section.

1. (a) State four advantages of electronic fuel injection system. (4 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of the metering and fuel distribution unit of a K-jetronic fuel system. (16 marks)
2. (a) State two:  
(i) functions of an air conditioning system.  
(ii) types of refrigerants. (4 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of an air conditioning system of a car. (16 marks)
3. (a) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of a permanent magnet windscreen wiper system. (10 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of an electric horn. (10 marks)
4. (a) State four advantages of an electronic ignition system.  
- reduces exhaust emission  
- increases engine power  
- improves fuel economy  
- enables smooth operation (4 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a diagram, explain the operation of a transistor ignition system. (16 marks)

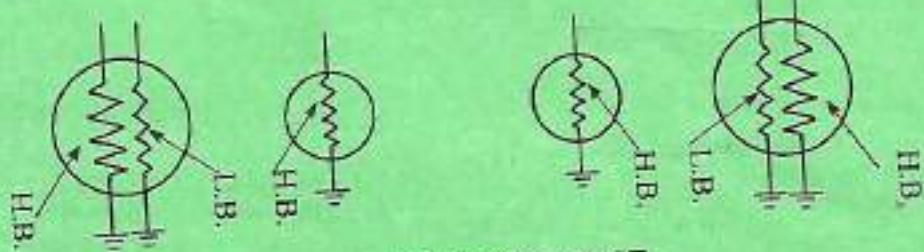
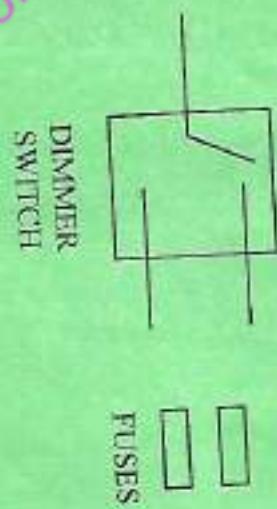
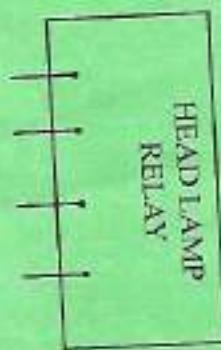
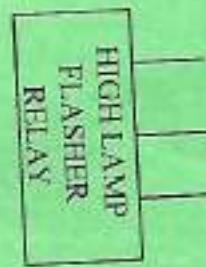
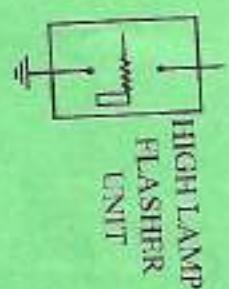
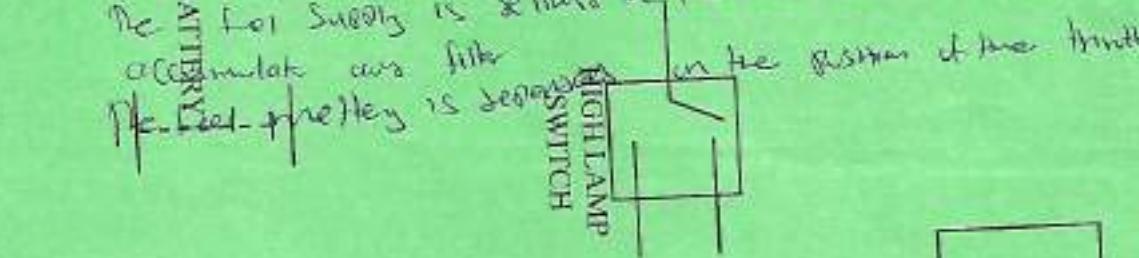
## SECTION B

Answer at least TWO questions from this section.

5. (a) State two causes for each of the following charging system faults:  
(i) charging lamp stays on;  
(ii) alternator does not charge. (4 marks)
- (b) A faulty alternator has been brought to the workshop for repair. Describe the procedure followed in overhauling and explain the tests carried out in each case. (16 marks)

6. (a) State two causes for each of the following starter motor faults:
- stator motor chatters;
  - no cranking.
- (4 marks)
- (b) Describe the procedure of overhauling a light duty starter motor. Assume the unit is still mounted on the engine. (16 marks)
7. Complete the lighting circuit shown in figure 1. Cut the answer sheet along the dotted line and hand it in together with the answer booklet. (20 marks)
8. (a) State **two** causes for each of the following car alarm faults:
- alarm goes off randomly; *Loose Contact faulty sensor on battery*
  - alarm produces noise continuously. *Fair connector to the fitting char faulty alarm when key is in the switch*
- (4 marks)
- (b) Describe the procedure of installing an alarm system in a vehicle. (16 marks)
- Attach the sensor to an interior metal surface
  - Place the wire of sensor feeding down to
  - Drill a hole in the center board of the car/battery area the sensor
  - place the alarm power line near the car battery ready to be attached to the alarm
  - Attach a tube to the base module above
  - Follow the alarm instructions manual
  - Mount the sensor Sensors
  - Drill a hole in the dash board for the led
  - Feed the red indicator wire through the hole and secure it with double side mounting tape
  - Locate the wire that connects the light button on the dash
  - Connect the sensor to this wire
  - Set *output* ~~Secure~~ and attach all alarm input wires ~~and output~~ to the sensor
  - Mount the module under the dash board
  - Bundle together all the wires and stuff them under the dash board
  - Connect the alarm power line to the car battery
  - Test the alarm for functions
- If works by*

It has injection valves that inject fuel continuous into the intake port  
 where it is mixed with air  
 when the intake valve open the air-fuel mixture is drawn into the  
 combustion chamber  
 It has three main function open on-flow measures fuel Supply and  
 fuel mixture  
 The air-flow is controlled by a throttle valve and it controls either how  
 much air the engine  
 needs  
 The fuel Supply is controlled by the fuel distributor <sup>via</sup>  
 according to the  
 air flow  
~~the fuel flow is dependent on the air flow~~



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